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ON. — President Jimmy Carter was k-and-neck last night could be one of the presidential contests newspaper headlines drama, with less than go before millions of gin pulling the levels on ones across the coun-

as Carter lead to a presidential rivals in ce... "Final roundup edge to Carter," they opinion polls put the incumbent and the De- tual within one per- of each other. Ford told a Texas rally and "win overwhelm-

us of polls and po- around America was was just managing to slimmest of leads — of the last few days Ford and he could est in a photo finish. New York Times poll Monday gave no figures the gap was so close a the margin of sta- Opinion polls are ad as accurate within ant either way. The aid Carter led by one

ate of New York, se- important state in the 1 by the Long Island tuesday said Carter's tate was three points, eight points two weeks Ford's home state of eight-point Ford lead had shrunk to three day, according to the e. he chance for an up- — one of the so- ght" states that could n Tuesday — Carter will fly there tonight, for his final campaign

yesterday in New arriving at the north- Rochester in rain be- risingly large airport nt 10,000. New York oral votes, about 15 the 270 needed for (Reuter)

contest — Page 6

Talks said delayed until after U.S. poll
acks attack Rhodesian motel

FALLS, Rhodesia. — guerrillas attacked a automatic weapons, remade here on Satur- day a Canadian-born verment official and white civilian.

In Geneva Western id yesterday Britain d the Rhodesian talks tomorrow's elections in void a possible collapse mbarrass U.S. Presi- Ford.

tion campaign, Ford d his administration's ing a two-year transi- rule in Rhodesia and black Rhodesian gn discussing it here- an of the conference, seador Ivor Richard, the talks after two lasted a total of less the middle of the d reporters yesterday. ment will also enable h the pause for coun- b leaders of the four- ons and with Rhodes- ster Ian Smith in his consensus on the less sauses that would need into a final settlement. day full, however it is ily irked some delega- ed Richard on Satur- s thinking soon of sy- a while. One of the the Reverend Ndebe- after talking with day, said "It's all a for my thinking."

otel-shuttling strategy road by U.S. Assistant r State William o installed himself two Richard's room in the on Saturday.

usalem Post

with the other daily The Jerusalem Post pelled by mounting osts and the series as to raise its price. y, November 1, 1976, of the daily edition and the Friday 10. These prices in- Added Tax.

scription rates, in- , will be as follows: a — IL76; three 1222; six months — rear — IL765.

very costs have also pply, the new sub- es reflect only the price of the news-

Zim ships still on strike, sides balk at compromise

By YAA'COV FRIEDLER and JOSHUA BRILLIANT
HAIFA. — The ratings seamen's strike that has held up 17 Zim freighters in Israeli ports will be going into its fifth day this morning, after neither side could come to a decision last night on accepting a Histadrut compromise.

The dispute was touched off by the strike aboard the Israel vessel Galila in Bremen. The Histadrut Central Committee had called on Zim to drop its plans to sell the Galila and dismiss its crew, but it added that it would not intervene in adjudicating the alleged insubordination of the ship's dismissed boss, in support of whom the Galila's crew had struck.

As of 11 last night the Zim Board, which had convened at 8.30, was still meeting on whether to accept the Histadrut proposals. The ratings union postponed until this morning its own meeting on them, while conducting telephone consultations with sailors' secretary Rafael Zabal, who has just reached Bremen to examine the situation aboard the Galila.

The Histadrut proposals also call for an investigation into why the Galila was moved to a side-berth in Bremen by German seamen and not by its own crew, and into how and why German police came on board.

The Zim board of directors at midnight reluctantly agreed to accept the Histadrut proposals but made it clear that it did not regard them as a solution to the labour relations problem in the merchant marine.

The strike aboard the Galila began 10 days ago when the captain dismissed the boss for insubordina-

tion but the latter, backed by the crew, refused to leave. Yesterday, ratings union secretary Shimon Avitan said the union may recommend ending the crippling strike here while continuing it aboard the Galila pending clarifications. He regretted that the Histadrut had couched its proposals in what he called ambiguous terms, which made a clear-cut decision difficult.

The situation is complicated by the fact that the marine officers' union has made it clear that even if Zim compromises — which is unlikely — it will insist on a definite ruling backing the unquestioned authority of the captain and officers on board Israeli ships.

In yesterday's weekly Cabinet session, Transport Minister Gad Yaa'cobi said that Israel's merchant marine would not be able to remain at its present size if discipline aboard ship breaks down and labour relations are undermined. The maintenance of discipline and the fostering of sound labour relations were two entirely different planes of action, he stressed. He hoped the seamen would soon awake to the situation and mend their ways.

The damage from the strike mounted yesterday, and was estimated by the secretary of the Shippers Council, Arish Mehalai, at "millions of dollars in direct losses." He estimated the long-term damage to the economy from the strike, which is becoming the worst yet in the merchant navy, as "even graver."

"Laboriously promoted export markets and orders may be lost because exporters cannot meet their delivery schedules. Our foreign trade is coming to a virtual standstill," he said.

The council, which represents the country's importers and exporters, cabled the Transport Minister and the Ports Authority yesterday demanding immediate action to remove the six Zim freighters which are blocking berths in Haifa port. These include the key Dagon silo berth, making it impossible to discharge imported grains, and the container terminal berth, leaving room only for small container ships to be handled.

"Millions of dollars worth of exports, including glass, tires and textiles, are lying in the port, and it is not clear when they can be loaded. The situation is a tragedy for the exporters. At the same time vital imports are not being discharged, and some factories may soon run out of raw materials," Mehalai said.

The only bright spot was that the American export line agent, Izzy Rosenfeld, had prevailed on the firm to allow the \$15,000 a day container, Export Leader, to wait another day outside the port, and not order her to unload the 250 containers of imports at Piraeus. The ship is also due to take 110 containers of exports to the U.S., "and she cannot wait much longer," Rosenfeld said.

Two Swedish ships bringing goods to Haifa were diverted to Ashdod by their agent, and the cargoes will have to be sent back north overland, at a cost of thousands of pounds.

Yesterday, the striking seamen on the S.S. Navos prevented the unloading of 30,000 cases of grapefruit, which had been put on board before the strike started last Wednesday. The Citrus Marketing Board feared that the fruit may spoil and wishes to load it on a foreign freighter, which in turn was delayed because not enough fruit had arrived from the packing houses.

The port's operations captain Hersi Shachnai said that several foreign ships, which could work, are forced to wait outside the port for lack of berths. As a result several hundred of the steredores were idle yesterday, and some were deployed on maintenance jobs to prevent their sitting around doing nothing. (In Ashdod, too, several hundred steredores were idle for lack of ships, due to the strike.)

Rabinowitz gets authority to seek deal on subsidies

Jerusalem Post Staff
The Ministerial Economic Committee late last night empowered Finance Minister Yehoshua Rabinowitz to negotiate with the Histadrut on the subsidy slash planned for this week.

In a secret meeting, without the presence of Ministerial aides, the committee apparently agreed to a compromise according to which the prices of basic goods will not increase by more than 20 per cent.

In addition those in need would be compensated immediately after the new prices come into effect.

In Tel Aviv, the Alignment's resolutions committee will tonight decide whether the Treasury should cut government subsidies for basic commodities and if so, by how much. The committee's decision binds Alignment representatives in the Cabinet and the Histadrut who control a majority there.

The Histadrut yesterday denied having concluded an agreement with the government on the matter.

The Treasury's position is that subsidies must be cut by IL1b, or the government's budget would have to be increased.

The Histadrut claims present prices should be maintained until a long-term agreement on subsidies is reached. It wants an agreement which will establish what part of the consumer price of a basic commodity will be subsidised by the government. The price the consumer pays will be amended every six months or so following fluctuations of the real price, namely, what the commodity would have cost had it not been subsidised.

New ministerial c'ttee on health formed to handle services

Jerusalem Post Staff
Cabinet members yesterday unanimously backed Health Minister Victor Shemtov in his tiff with the Beersheba hospital doctors, rapped those doctors over the knuckles for their overreaction to Shemtov's controversial Knesset remark, and appointed a new Committee of Ministers to act as a kind of "inter-Cabinet for health services," in view of the protracted wage dispute with the doctors.

The new Committee, whose establishment was proposed by Prime Minister Rabin and Justice Minister Haim Zadok, will exist parallel to the Ministerial Committee on Wages. Rabin will head the Committee, and its composition includes ministers involved in the issues like Victor Shemtov (Health), Yehoshua Rabinowitz (Finance), Moshe Baran (Labour), ministers' Committee on Health, and Yosef Burg (Interior) for the NRP, and Moshe Kol (Tourism) for the ILP, as well as Zadok who is expected to advise on the legal aspects involved.

The new Committee will be "authorized to take decision and action on behalf of the Cabinet, to whatever extent is required, to ensure the operation of health services essential to the public."

The wording of the communique may have been chosen to imply a threat by the Cabinet to gazette back-to-work orders against the doctors, without actually saying so.

One of the ministers appointed to the new body said that, although its terms of reference had not yet been laid down, it was not supposed to take the place of the existing wage committee or get involved in the wage talks in any manner. "We want to create a kind of emergency Cabinet headquarters to stand by in case the sanctions continue or get worse, and in case a total doctors' strike erupts," the minister said.

All the ministers who took part in the debate condemned the doctors' sanctions over their wage claims in vigorous terms, saying that they endangered lives. They appealed to the doctors to stop their sanctions at once.

Rabin, as well as the other ministers, described the reactions of the Beersheba Soroka Hospital doctors to Shemtov's statement in the Knesset last week as "extreme." Their reaction was "out of all proportion to their charge, that Shemtov should not have named the doctor referred to in the memorandum of the Health

Egypt-Syria give and take seen

By ASHEE WALLFISH
Jerusalem Post Diplomatic Correspondent
The new rapprochement between Egypt and Syria, and the gradual application of the Riyadh and Cairo accords to end the civil war in Lebanon, are the expression of a deal between Egypt and Syria, in which both Arab countries practised give and take.

This analysis has emerged in Jerusalem after preliminary study of the facts since the Arab summit in the Saudi capital, called to find a solution to the strife in Lebanon, produced dramatic harmony between Anwar Sadat and Hafez Assad after they had long been at each other's throats.

Jerusalem believes that the agreement means Egypt has dropped its objections to Syrian hegemony over Lebanon. It also means that Syria has dropped its objections to Egypt's interim agreement with Israel in the Sinai.

Saudi patronage and Saudi petrodollars served as the cement to bind a new alliance between Cairo and Damascus, in which all three countries have pledged to work together to promote Arab claims in the dispute with Israel, by political means in the first instance. In the new alliance, therefore, says Jerusalem, Syria has finally bowed to the line laid down by Egypt after the Yom Kippur War of October 1973, that Israel can be edged back from the cease-fire lines by political pressure.

In return, Egypt has accepted the terms which Syria dictated to Yasser Arafat last month, obliging the PLO to restrict its deployment in Lebanon, and leaving Syrian soldiers as the dominant element in the new 30,000-strong peace-keeping force in Lebanon.

One key to the deal between Egypt and Syria is the two countries' expectation that the next U.S. President will be open to the combined pressure of the Arab states to bring Israel to the negotiating table, and even anxious on his own account to initiate further political movement as a follow-up to the Sinai accord with Israel.

Jerusalem expects Egypt and Syria to reach a deal on the Sinai accord with Israel.

Zionist Congress must be elected

By JUDY SIEGEL
Jerusalem Post Reporter
The 29th Zionist Congress, scheduled to open in Jerusalem on January 17, will be postponed probably until 1978 and Zionist organizations in 30 countries will have to hold elections for delegates to the Congress.

These were the results of an unprecedented ruling yesterday of the court of the Zionist Congress, which overturned a vote of the Zionist General Council taken last July.

The court, chaired by Supreme Court Justice Moshe Landau, ruled that an amendment to the World Zionist Organization's regulations passed 47 to 12 (with 16 abstentions) in the ZGC was unconstitutional. The amendment, proposed by Kalman Sultanik of the Zionist Confederation, stipulated that if 90 per cent of each country's election committee approved a list of candidates, then no elections for Congress delegates would take place in that country.

The amendment was passed, despite the opposition of the Young Leadership division of the WZO and the "Western Front" of the Zionists. It was, in the end, limited to only the 29th Zionist Congress.

The vote incited a battle of words for several months between younger Zionists — who charged that democracy was dead in the movement — and groups like Hadasah — which claimed that they could not afford to send out mail

ballots to all of its members. (Elections in 30 countries will cost about \$1.5m.)

Recently, the WZO attorney brought a suit to the Congress court, following contentions by Beirut that the July vote was unconstitutional.

The court, composed of Dr. David Mertz, Yonatan Cohen, Prof. Benjamin Akzin, Prof. Hans Klinghoffer, Dr. Yaa'cov Schechter, Meir Silverstone, and Justice Landau, heard both sides of the argument. In its decision, which will send shock-waves through the Zionist movement, the court stated unanimously that "the Zionist movement has been a democratic movement since its beginnings, and its organizational tools — the WZO and its institutions — were created according to its constitution and democratic principles."

The ruling continued that important as organizations are, individual members in the Zionist movement are crucial, and effort must be made to bring more Jews into it. "A movement that ceases to move and closes itself in from whoever wants to take part in setting its direction, loses its dynamism. The WZO must not turn into a federation of professional Zionists."

Seven countries decided to hold elections to the Congress despite the July amendment; 11 reached agreements by the 90 per cent rule; the others were to decide this month. If the Congress is postponed (Continued on page 2, col. 2)

'Israel to buy S. African coal'

Jerusalem Post Correspondent
WASHINGTON. — Israel has signed a long-term agreement to buy coal from South Africa to power its electrical plants, according to yesterday's "Washington Post." Israel wants to reduce its dependence on Iranian oil, the "Post" said.

Israeli and South African embassies here refused to confirm or deny the story.

"Israel is making this move for two reasons, price and security," the newspaper quoted a source in the Ford Administration as saying.

The agreement is to supply coal to the Hadera electric power plant now being built, originally conceived as an oil burner, but now being designed to use both oil and coal, the "Post" said. The next step is said to be agreement for South Africa to supply coal to one of three oil burning electric plants that Israel plans to convert to coal.

The coal will arrive at Eilat. South Africa has contracted with Israel to build a railroad from Eilat to Beersheba where it will join existing railroad lines. South Africa will provide the steel rails, Israel the construction workers, the "Post" said.

Leni Riefenstahl says her aims were artistic, not political
Hitler's film director 'didn't know his plans'

By BRIAN ARTHUR
Jerusalem Post Correspondent
BONN. — Leni Riefenstahl, who helped popularize the Nazis in her movies during the Third Reich, told West German television viewers this weekend she had been "fascinated" by Hitler's personality, but claimed she was unaware of his plans and crimes until after the end of the war in 1945.

At Hitler's personal request, Riefenstahl produced a highly effective and dramatic film documentary of the Nazi mass rally at Nuremberg in 1934, and two years later did the same thing at the Berlin Olympic Games, so important for Hitler's prestige at home and abroad. But she claims she was politically disinterested and that her aims were always artistic.

Still active at the age of 74, she was the principal guest on Hansjürgen Rosenbauer's Saturday night "Talk Show," where she faced critical questions from other participants and at one point angrily denounced the performance as a tribunal against her. "I have been persecuted like a witch during the past decades," she charged.

Leni Riefenstahl can be numbered among those talented women in the Nazi era who, for whatever reason, through their willing association with Hitler helped him consolidate his rule and made him respectable in the nation's cultural salons.

Only recently, Winifred Wagner, the daughter-in-law of German composer Richard Wagner and a one-time personal friend of Hitler, admitted in an interview that she should Hitler walk through her door today, she would "welcome him as usual."

Riefenstahl does not go that far. She says she was deeply "shocked" to learn after 1945 of the concentration camps and the mass murder of the Jews. She said all this had left "scars" in her "which have not yet healed."

Despite her age and her past, she is enjoying an unusual comeback today, inside and outside West Germany. Within the last three years, she has published two well-selling books containing striking photographic studies of dance and ritual among the Nuba people of Africa. American feminists have included her in their list of notable women for her cinema achievements.

Equally, the controversy around her has flared anew. Critics argue that her art, no matter how technically glorious and effective, serves the terrifying mass grandeur of Nuremberg or the "Noble," "Aryan" athlete in the Berlin Olympics to the primitive ritual violence of Nuba warriors.

Leni Riefenstahl contests the view that her work is in any way political. She says she merely seized a unique opportunity to try her hand at documentary work when Hitler asked her to produce "Triumph of the Will," the 1934 film study of the Nuremberg rally.

Previously, she had chosen legend and fantasy as subjects for her filmwork, turning out "The Blue Light," a mystical tale of the mountains which won her an international reputation in 1931. "I love beauty. I was born to see things through an artist's eye," she said.

The others in the talk show did not seem convinced. Sitting next to her was Eufriede Kretschmar, a Social Democratic labour union official of the same generation, who bluntly pointed out that she herself had refused to cooperate with the Nazis. Why hadn't Leni Riefenstahl done the same, Mrs. Kretschmar wondered.

Knut Kasevetter, 34, a well-known German folk-singer, wanted to know if Riefenstahl had advanced professionally into any of the positions vacated by Jews eliminated from the Nazi-controlled film industry. "No," replied Riefenstahl. "After all, I was already a world star by then, even before Hitler came to power."

ZIM ISRAEL NAVIGATION CO. LTD.
Announcement to Our Clients

In spite of the inconvenience and difficulties caused to our clients and to the firm as a result of the strike against our Israeli ships in Israeli ports, we are taking appropriate steps to meet the demands of our clients and to assure continuation of regular shipping services to and from Israeli ports. Clients who have difficulties are requested to apply to our offices:

Haifa: Tel. 04-643311
Jerusalem: Tel. 02-223308
Tel Aviv: Tel. 03-54111
Eilat: Tel. 059-2148/7
Ashdod: Tel. 055-21581/9

THIS WEEK

Lottery Draw 44/76
 Minimum Prize: \$100,000
 (including carryover)
 Other prizes increased.
 TODAY is the last day
 for buying in 2 or 3 instalments.
 *Subject to recertification.

Union chief 'considered resigning'

Students again split on strike action

University student associations were split again yesterday on whether to strike or to accept the tuition-fee agreement signed on Friday by the student heads, the Minister of Education, and university representatives.

Haifa University will strike today, after their association rejected the agreement last night. Student chairman Yosef Spetter said he had "made a mistake" by signing the agreement and now wished to reject it because it did not provide for a public committee to study ways to trim development programmes and increase university efficiency. (The signed agreement noted that the Education Council is under taking such a study this year and will make all information available to students.)

At Ben-Gurion University in Beer-sheva, students held a protest meeting yesterday, demanding that graduated tuition fees be instituted next year. (The signed agreement provides for a committee to study the possibility, but to consider other alternatives as well.) They will hold a referendum on a strike today and will consider, along with Haifa University students, withdrawing from the National Student Union.

Doby Bergman, president of the national union and chief negotiator for the students, said he had considered resigning in light of the lack of support for his position, but decided against it. It would take two to three months to elect a new national president, he noted. Bergman, who was in Beer-sheva but failed to rally students there to his stand, said he thought the Haifa and Beer-sheva strikes were a "scandal."

The Haifa group also rejected the tuition rise (to ILA.933) included in the agreement and reverted to its original demand for last year's tuition fees linked to the C-o-L index, which would put tuition at about ILA.800.

Tel Aviv students, who are not members of the national union and did not sign Friday's agreement, struck and protested yesterday at the Senate building, where some who tried to break into the president's office were held off by campus guards. They will vote in a referendum today to decide whether to continue their strike.

Technion president Amos Horov, who is also head of the association of university presidents, said the strike was in vain and that no changes would be made in tuition this year.

In Tel Aviv and Jerusalem, studies began as planned. At the Hebrew University, between 14,000 and 15,000 students were registered in the seven faculties and eight schools — all of which were functioning with budget cuts, according to the university spokesman.

At Bar-Ilan University student leaders yesterday decided to continue their studies as usual.

The teacher training college also opened yesterday at the Hahadass Teachers Union headquarters in Tel Aviv, with an enrolment of 400 in the two-year in-service programme.

The Adult Education Centre of Jerusalem has extended its registration period until November 2, from 4 to 7 p.m., at Beit Ha'am, 11 Rehov Bezael, a spokesman said yesterday.



Michael Simon as Israel's first Chief of Protocol, in the early 1950s. Simon, an IDF and Hagana commander and a career diplomat, died over the weekend at age 75. He had lived in Austria since his retirement in 1968. (Rubinger)

Israel takes lead over Spain in 6th round of Chess Olympics

By ELIAHU SHAHAF
 Jerusalem Post Chess Correspondent

HAIFA — Israel took an early lead against Spain and appeared to stand a good chance of picking up some ground on the leaders in the sixth round of the Men's Chess Olympiad here last night.

The Israeli team appeared headed for a 3-1 lead over the Spanish team at the 8 a.m. intermission. Yair Kravitz, playing first board, had already defeated Spanish player J. Bellon. Two other Israeli players, Roman Dzhindzhishvili and Shimon Kagan, held advantages over A. Martin and J. Ochoa, respectively.

Only Leon Lederman, who adjourned in an inferior position against A. Medina, is in danger. Medina told *The Jerusalem Post* that he was certain of victory. The likely result then appears to be Israel 3, Spain 1, paring an unexpected turnaround.

In a battle between the leaders, the Dutch team, now holding first place, took an early lead over the second-place Americans. At the adjournment, the Holland edge was only 1-0; but Dutch players claimed the Post that they had good chances of a 3-1-1/2 or at least a 3-1 triumph. A 3-1 victory would put the Dutch a full 2 1/2 points ahead of the U.S.

The major upset recorded yesterday was the 3 1/2-1/2 win by the 19th-rated Chilean team over Switzerland, currently in 18th place. Only two days ago, the Swiss scored a 2 1/2-1/2 victory over Israel.

Yesterday's results, in the middle of the sixth round:

Holland 1, U.S. 0 (3 adjourned); England 1, Philippines 0 (8); Israel 1, Spain 0 (8); Argentina 1, West Germany 0 (8); Scotland 1, Sweden 1 (2); Iran 1, Italy 0 (8); Australia 1 1/2, Iceland 1/2 (3); Canada 2, Wales 0 (2); Chile 3 1/2, Switzerland 1/2; Austria 3 1/2, Denmark 1/2 (2); Finland 1 1/2, Norway 1/2 (2); Paraguay 2, Colombia 0 (2); Venezuela 0, Belgium 0 (4); France 2, Guatemala 1 (1); New Zealand 1 1/2; Luxembourg 1 1/2, Thailand 1/2 (2); Guernsey 1, Japan (3); Bermuda 2, Hongkong 1 (1); Uruguay 1 1/2, Honduras 1/2 (2); Bolivia 2, Andorra 0 (2); Faroe Islands 2, Monaco 1; Papua 3, Dutch Antilles 1; U.S. Virgin Islands 2, British Virgin Islands 0 (2).

Here are the final results of the fifth round, men's event:

Philippines 3, West Germany 1 — The Philippines are really doing great. The Far East team, rated 10th, inflicted a major defeat on the team rated fifth and are now considered one of the top contenders for a medal. The individual results: R. Torres 1 1/2, W. Unsicker 1/2, R. Esinas 1 1/2, Pachman 0; R. Rodriguez 1, E. Keatler 0; R. Mascarinas 1/2, D. Mohrlok 1/2. Thanks to this victory, the Philippines shot into second place, which they now share with Holland.

U.S. 4, Australia 0 — The U.S. rated first and regarded by many as the No. 1 favourite to win the men's event, assumed the lead for the first time. Individual results: R. Byrne 1, R. Jamieson 0; L. Evans 1, M. Fuller 0; J. Tarjan 1, T. Shaw 0; K. Commons 1, S. Rubinstein 0; Holland 4, Norway 0 — J. Timman, H. Ree, H. Ligterink and F. Kuipers scored a total victory for their country to give it second place (with the Philippines).

Argentina — Switzerland — With the game of M. Najdorf — W. Ring adjourned for the second time, Argentina was leading 2 1/2 — 1/2 (1). O. Fanno beat A. Lombard, and G. Sennar, drew with A. Khmura. Spain 4, Venezuela 0 — Another total victory. Scores for Spain were A. Pomar, J. Bellon, A. Martin and J. Sans.

Sweden 2 1/2, Austria 1 1/2; Iceland 2 (1), Chile 1 (1); Canada 2, Scotland 2; Finland 2 1/2, Colombia 1 1/2; Iran 4, Japan 0; Wales 4, Uruguay 0; France 2 1/2, Germany 1 1/2; Costa Rica 2 1/2, Dominican Republic 1 1/2 (3); Ireland 2 1/2, Thailand 1 1/2; Monaco 2 1/2, U.S. Virgin Islands 1 1/2; Hongkong 2, Papua 1; Faroe Islands 2 1/2, British Virgin Islands 1 1/2; Bolivia 3 1/2, Dutch Antilles 1/2.

Leading scores after round 1: U.S., 15 points; 2-3. Holland, 14 1/2; 4-5. England, 14; 6-7. Israel, 13 1/2; 8-9. Argentina, 13; 10-11. Spain, 12 1/2; 12-13. Scotland, 12 each.

Here are the final results of the preliminary round of the preliminary men's event:

Israel 3, Austria 0; Argentina 2 1/2, Holland 1 1/2; Canada 2 1/2, Denmark 1 1/2; Wales 2 1/2, Japan 1 1/2; England 2 1/2, Spain 1 1/2; France 2 1/2, New Zealand 1 1/2; West Germany 1 1/2; Ireland, Switzerland 1 1/2; Philippines 1, land 0.

Final standings of the men's event:

Group I — Israel 9; Argentina and Colombia 5 1/2; Chile, Iran, Spain, Sweden, more team victories than the two teams; Austria 4 1/2.

Group II — Holland 12 1/2, Denmark 8 1/2, Canada 7 1/2, Japan 7 1/2.

Group III — England 12 1/2, 10 1/2, France 8, Italy 7, Sweden, New Zealand 1 1/2.

Group IV — U.S. 11 1/2, West Germany 9 1/2, Philippines 8 1/2, 7 1/2, Switzerland 7, Scotland 7.

(The first two teams in group go to finals A, the next two to finals B, and the last two to finals C.)

In the first round today, women will play those of West Germany. There were no matches women yesterday.

Fourteen chess-playing men from Sweden, now visiting Israel, held a little tournament of their own here on Friday afternoon, against a team of Israeli men. The Israelis won 5-4.

THE WEATHER

Forecast: Warm and dry with variable amount of high cloud.

Jerusalem 20 13-22 25
 Golan 17 12-20 23
 Nahariya 17 12-20 23
 Safed 17 12-20 23
 Haifa Port 17 12-20 23
 Tiberias 17 12-20 23
 Nazareth 17 12-20 23
 Akko 17 12-20 23
 Shomron 17 12-20 23
 Tel Aviv 17 12-20 23
 S-G Airport 17 12-20 23
 Jericho 17 12-20 23
 Gaza 17 12-20 23
 Beer-sheva 15 14-22 31
 Eilat 15 14-22 31
 Tiran Straits 14 13-21 33

Social and Personal

The Mayor of Bonn, Dr. Hans Dietrich, was the guest of Tel Aviv Mayor Shimon Peres yesterday at a dinner at Tel Aviv's Plaza Hotel. Mayor Dietrich arrived with his wife on Saturday night for a week's visit at Peres' invitation.

Some 200 Arab and Druze women who have just completed citizenship courses called yesterday on the President's wife, Mrs. Katsir. Mrs. Katsir addressed the women and stressed the importance of volunteer social activity in the women's villages.

Dr. Bernard Resnikoff will speak on "We are all members of the American Jewish Committee," at today's meeting of the Jerusalem West Rotary Club, 8 p.m., King David Hotel.

Police want to keep Yadin in lock-up for 15 more days

By ABRAHAM KEMELMAN
 Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — The police will ask for a 15-day extension of the remand of Asher Yadin, one of Israel's top criminal lawyers. Yadin was arrested two weeks ago, and the first 15-day remand order expires tomorrow.

Similarly 15-day extensions will probably be sought for Mordechai Elison and Meir Kimhi. But the police spokesman would not confirm or deny this, claiming that no decision had yet been made on the other suspects.

In tomorrow's hearing, Yadin will probably be represented by Shlomo Toussia-Cohen, one of Israel's top criminal lawyers. Toussia-Cohen was engaged by Yadin last week. Until now, Yadin has been represented by Shlomo Peled.

The police spokesman refused to reveal any details of the progress of the investigation other than that various people were interrogated and relevant documents were being examined by the fraud squad.

While the police may have grounds for an indictment against Yadin on a fairly minor issue — evasion of land betterment taxes in connection with the Bat Yam apartment registered in the name of Hava Ehrlichman but owned by Yadin — the larger issues are extremely complicated, and police have yet to obtain any concrete evidence to link Yadin with them. Among these issues are various land deals carried out by Kupat Holim, including the medical centre transaction in which it has been claimed that a million dollars found their way back to those involved in the deal.

The main figures in the medical centre deal and other land deals are not proving to be very cooperative. Meir Kimhi, chief accountant of Kupat Holim, is refusing to cooperate with the police. Yadin's cooperation is limited to answering police questions but refusing to volunteer any information beyond that.

According to one source, Yadin has been transferred to the Givatayim lock-up, where the conditions are far worse than at Abu Kabir. This, the source said, may be an attempt to break his resistance. Kimhi at one time was locked up at Givatayim but returned to Abu Kabir at his lawyer's request.

ed by less than six months, the court ruled, then there will be no need to hold new elections in the countries which already conducted elections for the upcoming Congress.

But this eventuality is seen as unlikely. Avraham Schenker, head of the WZO's organization and information department, told *The Jerusalem Post* last night that it will probably take over a year from January 17 for the Congress to open. The Zionist Executive meeting today is expected to ask the president of the Zionist General Council to meet. The ZGC, suggested Schenker, couldn't meet before January. If elections were held properly in the U.S., where there are 750,000 members, it would take a year until their results would be final.

Zionist Executive chairman Yosef Almog said, in reaction to the ruling last night, "We'll abide by the decision." Almog rejected a suggestion that the ruling was a personal blow to himself — he was supposed to be re-elected for a full four-year term and re-form his Executive at the Congress.

Some Zionist circles suggested however that the ruling was at least a "psychological blow" to Almog, because if the Congress elections were held after the Knesset elections, a weakening in the Labour Party nationally could undermine the position of the Zionist party, which is a member of the party. The chief said that Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin is eager to have the Zionist Congress finished before the Knesset election campaign gears up.

Yitzhak Korn, secretary-general of the Labour Zionist movement, told *The Post* that he prefers that the Congress elections be held "as soon as possible. I accept the court's ruling." Korn was one of the few Zionist party leaders who openly supported the amendment even when its constitutionality was being investigated by the court.

Some Zionist leaders whose parties had opposed the postponement of the Congress told *The Post* that the ruling could turn out to be a "shot in the arm" for the movement. "If it forces the Zionist organizations to go out and explain themselves as they try to enlist members, instead of just allowing them to do the minimum demanded by the ruling, then the money spent on the elections will be worth it."

ZIONIST

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Egged co-op poll today

By YUZHAK OKED
 Jerusalem Post Reporter

TEL AVIV — A 19,000-egged cooperative membership poll today to vote between two main factions, both of whom promise they have ways to remedy the bus cooperative's chaotic financial situation, with a deficit nearing ILA billion.

The opposition faction, The Alternative, advocates turning over management of the vast transport company to professional managers, as a solution.

Today's election, seven months earlier than scheduled, is to elect the 120-member governing council (Asfat Hamurhim) and a 91-member judicial body which rules on internal matters. Next week the members go to the polls again to choose a 30-member management from the governing council and a seven-member control committee. A seven-to-nine-member secretariat that runs the cooperative on a day-to-day basis will also be picked next week by the 30-member management.

Overseas telephone, telex rates rise

International telephone, telegraph and telex rates will be 5.4 per cent higher as of today, according to a Communications Ministry announcement yesterday.

The rate hikes are the result of the general "creeping devaluation" of Israel's currency and does not as yet reflect Saturday night's devaluation.

The phone tariff to most European countries is now ILA2.90 per minute and to the U.S. ILA2.30. These rates do not include 20% defence levy or 8% VAT.

Police stoned as they search Galilee village

Jerusalem Post Reporter

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Police say they know the identity of their assailants.

THE ISRAELI FILM "Red Sea Magic" won a gold medal at last month's Oradea (Italy) film festival.

Foreign charters kick off Eilat's winter season today

By SHEILA MELTZER
 Jerusalem Post Reporter

EILAT — The first foreign guests of Eilat's winter tourist season, which opens officially this morning at 8 a.m., will be welcomed with their first taste of the desert's plates of Arava melons, dates and milk products from Kibbutz Yotvata.

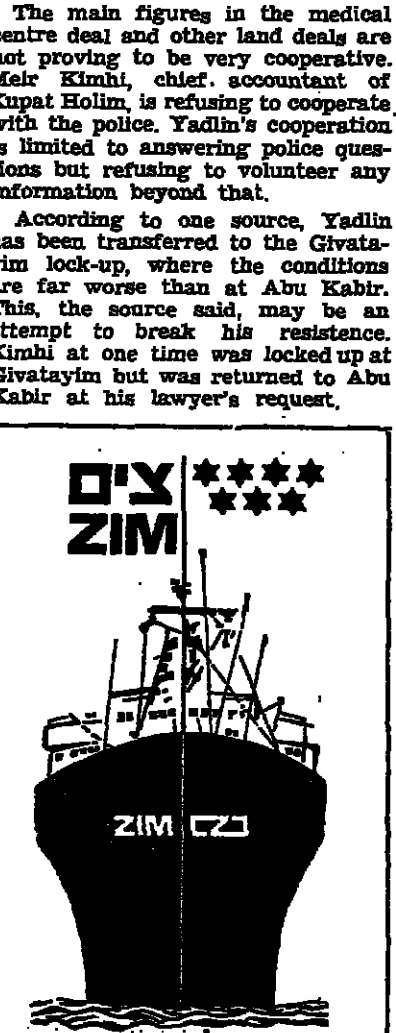
The arrivals were due to land in the first of four weekly Starling Airways charter flights from Scandinavia. For the next six months, Starling Super Caravelles — two from Copenhagen, one from Stockholm and one from Billund in southern Denmark (for the West German market) — will be bringing 500 tourists a week to Eilat.

About a quarter of that number will be arriving on Swedish RESOR flights.

The British Dan-Air company will land its first fortnightly Boeing 727 on Thursday. All the foreign charter companies have local guides.

Resolutions adopted by the Liberal Party (Likud)

- on Zionism, Immigration, Absorption, Emigration and Aliya Dropouts
- On September 29 and October 21, 1976, the Liberal Party (Likud) debated problems of Zionism, immigration, absorption, emigration and the aliya dropouts. Extracts from the resolutions are given below.
- IMMIGRATION AND ABSORPTION**
- Immigration is a source of social vigour, a lever for the rehabilitation of the economy, and an essential point of strength for the expansion of land settlement and the reinforcement of the country's security. Accordingly, the World Zionist Organization should concentrate its activities in the field of immigration.
 - Large scale immigration is dependent on the existence of a favourable economic and social climate. Accordingly, there is an essential need for a change in government, and for far reaching changes in all aspects of the absorption process in Israel.
 - The Central Committee calls on all members of the Party to lead the way in social absorption, and to serve as examples in this field.
 - The Zionist Congress, at its next meeting, should formulate challenges, and consider methods and new systems for encouraging immigration. An initial priority should be the setting of an example by the Movement's leaders at all levels.
- EMIGRATION**
- The reduction in immigration and the increase in emigration to a level causing concern are real dangers to the future wellbeing of the State. It is therefore essential to reconsider the inferior apparatus now employed to handle immigration and absorption and the bringing back of emigrants with a view to concentrating the handling of all aspects of these matters in the hands of one central body, and the staffing of that body with the most highly qualified people available.
 - While the Central Committee considers that emigrants should be barred as representatives at all levels in the Zionist movement, and in the diaspora, the Committee rejects insults, boycotts and rebukes as means of inducing emigrants to return, and insists on every family being dealt with on an individual basis.
- "VIENNA DROPOUTS"**
- Immigration to Israel originating in the Soviet Union, be it in the framework of reuniting families, or in response to the outcry "Let My People Go," is possible as a result of the special character of the Jewish People, the members of which wish to identify with their People's culture and use their People's language in the ancient homeland.
 - We strive for free emigration to Israel, while the dropouts undermine the fight of Russian Jews for emigration to Israel. They leave Russia at the expense of others who would wish to go to Israel. All possible steps must therefore be taken in order to reduce the extent of dropping out to a minimum.
- INVOLVEMENT IN DECISIONS**
- The common destiny of the Jewish People and the State, and the special character of Israel as a Jewish State dictate the involvement of the leaders of diaspora organizations such as the World Sephardi Federation, the Reform Movement, the World League for Conservative Judaism, the Maccabi World Union, and will support the giving of full rights as organizations in the Zionist Movement to these bodies.
- AFFILIATION OF WORLD ORGANIZATIONS**
- The Central Committee welcomes the affiliation in the World Zionist Organization of world organizations such as the World Sephardi Federation, the Reform Movement, the World League for Conservative Judaism, the Maccabi World Union, and will support the giving of full rights as organizations in the Zionist Movement to these bodies.



Cargo Vessels Expected

At Haifa and Ashdod Ports	Expected
KESABA	31.10 Ashdod
TILIA	31.10 Haifa
ODIN	1.11 Haifa
ALON	1.11 Haifa
ESTHER	1.11 Haifa
NEWANTA	2.11 Ashdod
LILAC	3.11 Haifa
DEVORA	3.11 Haifa
DIAMOND	4.11 Haifa/Ashdod
ZIM HONG KONG	5.11 Haifa
SALLY	7.11
OSTE CLIPPER	7.11

At Eilat Port

BERTHA STAR	2.11
ARIEL	2.11
SEEVETAL	2.11
NANKEA	2.11
LIBERTY	2.11
TAMY	4.11
DAHLIA	4.11
LINDO	7.11

Subject to change without notice

"ZIM"
ISRAEL NAVIGATION COMPANY LTD.
 General Agents:
M. DIZENGOFF & Co. Ltd.

Israel-EEC talks resume in 10 days

BEN-GURION AIRPORT — Negotiations on expanded collaboration between Israel and the European Common Market will be renewed in 10 days.

This was stated yesterday evening by Moshe Mandelbaum, Director-General of the Ministry of Commerce and Industry, upon his return to Israel from talks with Common Market representatives in Brussels.

CORRECTION

Ephraim Kishon's works in English are published in Israel by the Shikmona Publishing Company, which also handles his foreign rights, and not as reported yesterday due to an editing error.

The Tel Aviv Stock Exchange Ltd.

NOTICE

On Sunday, October 31, 1976, Phase II of the trading in shares (trading at variable prices) did not take place, and therefore only opening prices were established.

Tel Aviv, October 31, 1976

Police stoned as they search Galilee village

Jerusalem Post Reporter

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Egypt-Syria give and take

(Continued from page one)

Syria is called very soon for a resumption of the Geneva talks with the participation of the PLO and it expects those two countries will work hard to convince the U.S. to drop its previous objections to the PLO presence. It assumes that Egypt and Syria will argue that the PLO has been so weakened by its ill-fated adventures in Lebanon that it can no longer threaten Israel anyway.

The two Arab countries want to keep the door open for contacts with the Soviet Union, in order to make the U.S. apprehensive that it could easily lose its political gains in the Middle East, dating from the Yom Kippur War, if it fails to pressure Israel. A number of signs lately suggest that relations between Egypt and the Soviet Union are becoming more friendly. Foreign Ministers Ismail Fahmy and Andrei Gromyko are said to be meeting in Sofia the day after tomorrow.

The two Arab countries also want to stress that the political option, via the good offices of the U.S., has deferred the military option, but by no means eliminated it.

As regards the situation on the ground within Lebanon itself, Jerusalem has not yet received any confirmation that either Syrian or Arab troops have moved closer to the border, or that PLO men have reached the south of the country Lebanon.

Foreign charters kick off Eilat's winter season today

By SHEILA MELTZER
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Tel Aviv zoning plan seeks adopt natural urban trends

Z.O.A. HOUSE

Opening of 24th Season of Cultural Activities
at ZOA House

November 1976

On November 3 a Scoreboard will be put up in front of ZOA House, showing every hour the latest results of the U.S. Presidential Elections.

Monday

November 1, 8 p.m.

"ON THE VERGE OF THE U.S. PRESIDENTIAL ELECTIONS"

Special evening with the participation of the Representative of U.S. in Israel.
Prof. A. Aron
of Tel Aviv University
will lecture in English and answer questions from the floor on the above subject.
(We hope to be able to screen part of the Ford-Carter TV Debate).

★ ★ ★

Monday

November 3, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

President: Abraham Goodman

Opening of Seminar No. 1

"THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN JEWRY"

(In Hebrew)

Dr. Alon Gal

Research Fellow at the Institute for the Research of Zionism
will lecture on:
"THE UNITED STATES AS AN ETHNIC SOCIETY"

★ ★ ★

Wednesday

November 10, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

opening of Seminar No. 2

"THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES"

(In Hebrew)

Prof. Aris Goren

Senior Lecturer on American History at the Hebrew University, Jerusalem
will lecture on:
"European Heritage in a New World"

★ ★ ★

Thursday

November 11, 8 p.m.

"BIBLE RESEARCH

(Hebrew)

★ ★ ★

Monday

November 15, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

Second Lecture in the Series

"THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN JEWRY"

(In Hebrew)

by Dr. Alon Gal

★ ★ ★

Wednesday

November 17, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

Second Lecture in the Series

"THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES"

(In Hebrew)

by Prof. Aris Goren

★ ★ ★

Monday

November 22, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

Third Lecture in the Series

"THE HISTORY OF AMERICAN JEWRY"

(In Hebrew)

by Dr. Alon Gal

Also at 8.30 p.m.

In cooperation with the

ISRAEL REHABILITATION

SOCIETY

Screening of "The Canadian Film

"Walk Awhile in My Shoes"

— Public Discussion —

★ ★ ★

Wednesday

November 24, 8.30 p.m.

TARBUTH FOUNDATION

Third Lecture in the Series

"THE HISTORY OF THE UNITED STATES"

(In Hebrew)

by Prof. Aris Goren

★ ★ ★

Thursday

November 25

AMERICAN THANKSGIVING DAY

7 p.m.

— Opening of HANDWEAVING

based on designs of the

first settlers.

by Catherine Liechtman

Under the auspices of U.S.

Embassy Representative.

8 p.m.

— Traditional Thanksgiving

Dinner

with participation of

Embassy Representative.

Artistic programme

— Reservations at ZOA House.

Number of participants

limited

★ ★ ★

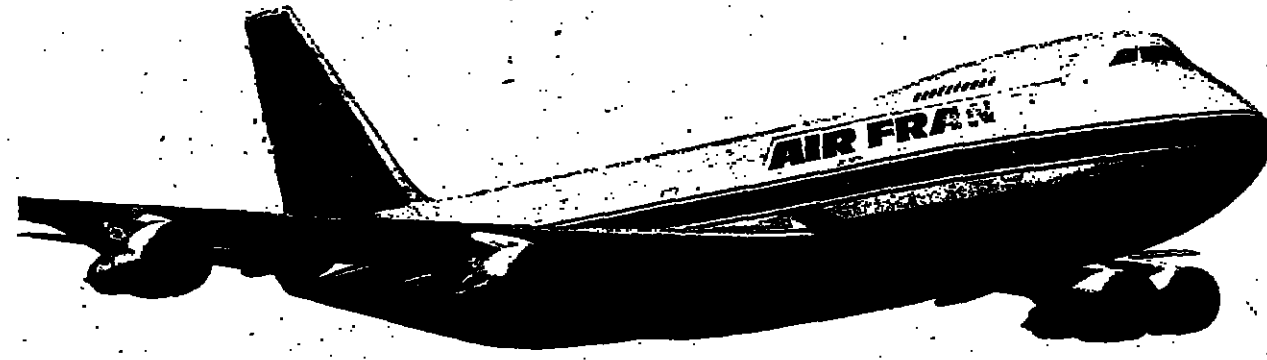
Also at 8 p.m.

"BIBLE RESEARCH

uttee will hold further sessions
n approving the remainder of the
\$20m. guarantee sought by Fin-
ance Minister Yehoshua Rabino-
witz.

The northern frontier as a whole was quiet yesterday, with no signs of hostilities in the immediate border area.

AIR FRANCE



Blacks release 'Smith document'

'Rhodesian whites plan 2-year arms build-up'

GENEVA. — Rhodesia's ruling white politicians planned to use the two-year period before the breakaway colony gained independence to revitalize the economy and to build up arms supplies and troops, according to a document distributed here by African nationalists.

A spokesman for African nationalist leader Joshua Nkomo distributed what was described as an official document setting out the strategy of Prime Minister Ian Smith's Rhodesia Front Party.

The single-page typewritten document was a memorandum of a speech delivered on October 7 by Ted Sutton-Price, a deputy minister, to a closed Rhodesia Front meeting in his constituency, the Nkomo spokesman said.

The document said the deal proposed by U.S. Secretary of State Henry Kissinger was to set up an interim government within two years to sort out the constitution, after which majority rule would be installed in Rhodesia.

The document said majority rule was "not seen as one man

one vote." It added: "Parliament would go into recess and not be dissolved. If the agreed constitution was not liked after two years, parliament could reject it." According to the document, Sutton-Price told the meeting: "At worst we would be in a better position to fight the war than at present."

"We would have... two years trading on an open market. Two years to revitalize the economy with the \$2 billion development fund. Two years to build up arms and war material. The market for recruiting into the forces would be widened."

Mr. Price added that the Rhodesia Front had no alternative but to accept a "package deal" put to Smith by Kissinger in Pretoria, the document says.

"The Prime Minister had considered appealing to the South African public over (South African Prime Minister John) Vorster's head, but did not have enough time," the document added.

A Rhodesian delegation spokesman would not comment on the document. (Reuters)

U.S. salvages lost missile

LONDON. — The U.S. navy has recovered its top secret Phoenix missile which plunged into the North Atlantic from the aircraft carrier John F. Kennedy on September 14 off Scotland, a U.S. navy spokesman said here yesterday.

The pencil-shaped missile attached to the F-14 Tomcat fighter when it slipped overboard was recovered by a nuclear-powered mini-submarine on Saturday, the spokesman added. The F-14 was still at the bottom of the sea about 100 kms south of Scapa Flow in the Orkney Islands, he said. The navy was considering plans to raise it.

The plane and its attached missile fell off the carrier during a NATO exercise. The F-14, equipped with the Phoenix, is the navy's major weapon against anti-air missiles.

President Ford ordered the navy to recover the plane before other nations could attempt to salvage it. (Reuters, AP)

Hunger strike by Soviet prisoners

MOSCOW. — About 100 Soviet political prisoners staged a hunger strike in their camps on Saturday, dissident sources here said yesterday. It was the third straight day that the prisoners have staged such a demonstration. (AFP)

Anti-left campaign reaches Mao's culture minister

PEKING. — Another of China's most prominent leftist radicals, Culture Minister Yu Hui-yung, was yesterday attacked in wall posters pasted up in the Peking suburbs.

Yu has been closely associated with Mao Tse-tung's widow, Chiang Ching, who has been purged along with three other leftist politburo members for allegedly plotting a coup.

Big-character slogans appeared here simply declaring "down with Yu and his two vice-ministers, Mao Liang and Liu Ching-tang."

There have been unconfirmed rumours that Yu is under arrest, and analysts had generally assumed that

Chiang Ching's downfall would result in him being sacked.

With Chiang Ching, Yu helped "revolutionize" Chinese culture along Maoist lines. One of China's youngest ministers, he has been host at numerous cultural soirees for visiting statesmen.

Meanwhile, the New China News Agency (NCNA) yesterday took the unusual step of publishing excerpts from an editorial which appeared in the army newspaper "Liberation Army Daily" last Friday.

The newspaper, which is not on sale to foreigners, heaped praise on China's new Communist Party chairman, Hua Kuo-feng, saying he had

already "lived up to the expectations" for the successor to Mao Tse-tung. Analysts said it was another sign to the populace that Hua has the unequivocal backing of the armed forces.

The excerpts published by NCNA did not contain the almost standard denunciations of either Soviet or U.S. "imperialism." (Reuters)

ROYAL VISIT. — Holland's heir to the throne, Princess Beatrix, and her consort Prince Claus, begin an eight-day "private" visit to Egypt today. The couple have come at the invitation of Egyptian vice-president Husni Mubarak.

Contests for control of Congress overshadowed by presidential race

The races for both Houses of Congress often are overlooked in a U.S. presidential election year. Some of the key races in the House of Representatives and the Senate are described here by DAVID FROELICH.

O'Neill of Massachusetts most likely to replace him. O'Neill is a more aggressive and gregarious person than Mr. Albert. It will undoubtedly show in his handling of the Speakership. The Democrats in the new 96th Congress, in January, will select a new majority leader and majority whip.

3) No less than 52 House members are retiring this year. Of these, 37 are either committee or sub-committee chairmen (Democrats) or ranking minority members (Republicans). The changes in personnel, in these key positions, is bound to have a pronounced effect on the next Congress, however unpredictable at present.

4) A record 98 of 435 House members seeking re-election are freshmen. Of these freshmen, 78 are Democrats. Freshmen are traditionally vulnerable and some of these first-timers, regardless of party, may go down to defeat on Election Day.

FAINT REPUBLICAN HOPES. Republican hopes to win a majority in the next Congress are not very bright. With the fall-out from Watergate still lingering on, plus continued economic problems, not even the most partisan of Republicans, seriously is predicting control of either House.

The Republican Senate Campaign Chairman, Sen. Ted Stevens of Alaska, feels that even a gain of seven senatorial seats by the Republicans would be a significant gain and respectable showing. "We expect to have 55-45 (Democrat-Republican) split in the Senate next year," he says.

For the Republicans to win control of the Senate, they would have to get a net gain of 13 seats. Of the 33 seats up for election, 21 are Democratic and only 12 are Republican.

On the House side, the picture is equally bleak for the Republicans. The present one-sided Democratic majority of 386 to 145 may be trimmed by as many as 10-15 seats, but the Democrats are expected to retain a comfortable margin of 100 seats or more.

Many of the House seats getting national attention are in the Deep South, where former Gov. Carter is expected to help Democratic candidates into Congress on his "coattail." Although traditionally Democratic, the once Solid South has voted Republican in ever increasing numbers since the 1950's.

Michigan will be watched carefully since it is the "home-base" of President Ford. Republicans hope to recapture the two House seats lost in the 1974 election, including one in Ford's own Congressional District. The GOP believes that their best chance of gaining House seats is in the Mid-

western farm belt. President Ford's running-mate, Sen. Robert Dole, is from one of these states, Kansas. The Midwest is considered more conservative than either of the two coasts and traditionally voters there vote Republican.

In the Senate, of the 25 incumbents seeking re-election, two are unopposed and eight are considered "safe." The two unopposed are Democrats — Sen. John Stennis of Mississippi and Sen. Richard C. Byrd of West Virginia. Byrd was the Democratic Majority Whip in the last session of Congress, and is considered a strong candidate for majority leader.

Stennis, an old-guard, Southern conservative and chairman of the powerful Armed Services Committee, is seeking a sixth term. At 76, he has served since 1947, and despite having been shot and mugged in front of his Washington, D.C., home a few years ago, still feels that he is able to stand for another full term.

Considered "safe" are the seats of Democratic Sen. Edward M. Kennedy of Massachusetts; Harrison Williams of New Jersey; Lawrence Chiles of Florida; Hubert Humphrey, Minnesota; William Proxmire, Wisconsin; Harry Jackson, Washington; and Howard Cannon, Nevada. Republican Lowell Weicker of Connecticut also is considered an easy victory. His only foe, Chris Schaffer, is the only female candidate for the Senate this year.

BUCKLEY v. MOYNIHAN

The Senate races in New York and California will be much closer. Sen. James Buckley of New York was elected to his first Senate term six years ago, not as a Democrat or Republican, but as a Conservative. In New York State the Conservative Party is on the ballot separately. Although generally voting with the Republicans, Mr. Buckley is somewhat of a "loner" and has on occasion voted on his own. He is again the candidate of the Conservatives, as well as the contender of the regular Republican Party. His opponent is Daniel P. Moynihan, former ambassador to India and U.S. ambassador to the U.N. A Harvard professor of economics, Moynihan was first brought into the government service by former President Nixon as an adviser on domestic affairs. He is a liberal Democrat who is not afraid to speak out his mind. Mr. Moynihan is given a slight edge in the race.

In California, incumbent Sen. John V. Tunney, son of former boxer Gene Tunney, is trying to ward off his Republican opponent, Dr. S. I. Hayakawa of San Francisco State University. Strongly into the national attention for his tough handling of students' riotous disturbances at San Francisco State in the 1960's, while he served

as the school's president. He has written several books on the Dr. Hayakawa is a Japanese from Riverside, Calif.

In Michigan, two Congressmen, Marvin Esh and Donald Rie are fighting for the seat vacated by retiring Sen. Philip Hart. Rie, a Democrat hopeful, is a Republican-turned-Democrat. Esh, the can candidate, a Jewish Congressman from Ann Arbor, hopes to be helped by President vote-getting in his home state.

Tragedy forced a change in the Missouri race in Missouri. Night of that state's primary, Jerry Lutton, who had just won a three-way battle for the Democratic nomination, was killed in a plane crash. Lutton's wife, who was with him, was also killed. Lutton's opponent had been former U.S. Senator Warren E. Hearnes and Rep. Stuart Symington, son of retiring Senator Symington. Missouri voters selected Mr. Hearnes against Republican, John Danforth, the Missouri attorney. Danforth is well known in since his family owns the famous Pina Colada, makers of cereals.

Sen. Robert Taft Jr., grandson of President William H. Taft, is running for a second term. He is running for a second term, who was appointed U.S. Senate three years ago. He was defeated two years ago. Senate primary contest by S. Glenn, the former astronaut.

WITHOUT SCOT. The retirement of Sen. Hubert H. Humphrey has brought Congressmen into the race. William J. Green of Philadelphia, Republican, H. S. Hiram, Democrat, and the Helms food manufacturer.

In Texas, Sen. Lloyd Bentsen, an unsuccessful hopeful for Democratic presidential nomination, is seeking a second term. He is running for a second term, who was appointed U.S. Senate three years ago. He was defeated two years ago. Senate primary contest by S. Glenn, the former astronaut.

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KEREN HAYESOD UNITED ISRAEL APPEAL welcomes the 400 members of the JOINT ISRAEL APPEAL of Great Britain Leadership Conference Mission "This Year in Jerusalem" October 31-November 7, 1976



I am pleased to extend my greetings and best wishes to the Leadership Conference Mission "This Year in Jerusalem" of the Joint Israel Appeal of Great Britain.

We in Israel are greatly encouraged to know that the call made by the Jerusalem Conference on Jewish Solidarity, last December, has met with such a positive response, not least within the Anglo-Jewish community. This is reflected in your coming in such unprecedented numbers at this time. It is a demonstration of our Jewish unity and of your everlasting tie with the people of Israel. The work carried out by the Joint Israel Appeal is a tangible expression of this bond.

I am confident that your Conference will serve its purpose of bringing you in close contact with the issues which face Israel and which relate to your vitally important activities in the coming year.

YITZHAK RABIN
Prime Minister



On behalf of the Executives of the Jewish Agency and the World Zionist Organization, I am happy to welcome the members of the Joint Israel Appeal "This Year in Jerusalem" Conference.

The splendid record of British Jewry in support of Israel is a source of courage and inspiration to all of us here. You will have an opportunity to see for yourselves the tangible evidence of the role of the Joint Israel Appeal in building the Jewish homeland.

Your coming to Israel in such numbers is an expression of solidarity, particularly appropriate in this year dedicated to the solidarity of the Jewish people.

May your deliberations and study be fruitful so that you may give fresh understanding to your great community and lead British Jewry to new heights of achievements on behalf of Israel and the Jewish people.

JOSEF ALMOQI
Chairman, Jewish Agency and World Zionist Organization



EZRA Z. SHAPIRO
World Chairman

Keren Hayesod — United Israel Appeal extends a cordial welcome to Leaders and key-workers of the Joint Israel Appeal of Great Britain attending the Leadership Conference "This Year in Jerusalem".

At our recent European Conference in Lausanne, Switzerland, the Leaders of the Joint Israel Appeal once again reaffirmed the responsibilities of British Jewry in regard to the human needs of Israel, and in the support of its struggle for prosperity and peace.

The Conference "This Year in Jerusalem" is certain to be a paramount manifestation of British Jewry's continuing solidarity with the people of Israel, and its response to the challenges of the time.



S.J. KREUTNER
Director General

'Gaddafi wants to make up with Sadat'

CAIRO. — Libyan leader Muammar Gaddafi wants a private meeting with Egyptian President Anwar Sadat and has ordered the release of all Egyptians detained in Libya to help improve relations, the weekly political review "Rose el-Youssef" said yesterday.

"I want a settlement of all outstanding problems with Egypt and I have no conditions. I only want to meet President Sadat in private," Gaddafi said in an interview.

Some 400 Egyptians are under arrest in Libya, the magazine said.

The interview told Gaddafi he was "like a lion" in the region and all Arab leaders would be greatly relieved if he stepped down. "Am I that bad?" the Libyan leader asked.

Gaddafi was quoted as saying he had ordered his government to offer food supplies to the Egyptian army, which built up its strength on their joint borders after a wave of bombings and sabotage last summer which killed seven people and wounded scores more. Sadat blamed Libyan agents for the blasts. (Reuters)

Thais to get U.S. 'copters to fight opium trade

BANGKOK. — The U.S. has given Thailand five helicopters to help fight massive narcotics trafficking which supplies a large percentage of the world's illegal opium, an embassy spokesman said here yesterday.

The Bell 205AL helicopters are now being assembled in Thailand for turn-over to Thai police, the spokesman said.

The five helicopters would be used primarily for narcotics suppression, but could be available for other purposes if not in use, the embassy spokesman said. Their use would be "monitored" by the U.S.

The U.S. government has given Burma similar helicopters for its war on drugs, but some American critics have said the Burmese may be using the craft more against various insurgent groups than narcotics traffickers.

The helicopters will presumably be used to track opium caravans and search for opium crops and heroin factories along the Thai-Burmese border. The rugged area where the borders of Thailand, Laos and Burma converge, known as "The Golden Triangle," is a source for about two-thirds of the world's illegal opium. (AP)

U.S. probes oil firm for anti-Jewish bias

By NOEL EPSTEIN
The Washington Post

WASHINGTON. — The U.S. Equal Employment Opportunity Commission (EEOC) has stepped into the Arab boycott issue with an investigation of whether the giant Standard Oil Company of California has discriminated against Jews in employment here and abroad. The investigation, begun in July, is expected to be completed in three to six months and, if the results warrant, may be extended to other companies or industries.

A spokesman for Standard of California, which is known as Social and ranks sixth on "Fortune" magazine's list of the 500 largest U.S. corporations, denied that the company discriminated on religious or other grounds, but declined to discuss this specific case.

Guy Carruthers, the firm's assistant general manager of public relations, confirmed that the EEOC inquiry was under way, but added that he could not comment on it "because everything about it is supposed to be confidential."

He added: "All I can say is that, as a general policy, we have not and do not discriminate against employees by reason of their religion or race."

Socal has about 42,000 employees worldwide and is the fourth largest oil company in terms of sales, which totalled \$16,800 million in 1975.

It is also one of the few companies which together with the Arab League and the Arab Oil Company (Aramco).

The investigation of Social has been triggered by a letter filed this summer by EEOC missioner Daniel Leach.

He acknowledged that charged a "major American company with an alleged and practice of discrimination against Jews" and that it "has been asked for data on its employment practices."

EEOC investigations of Social involve the way a hires, fires, promotes, and assigns to specific posts or jobs and other job policies. The charge apparently least partially from a case in San Francisco Federal Court, in which a Jewish long employed by Social had been discharged in 1964.

Monroe Bear, has twice successfully to compel a complete and present inform the religion of its management. The case is expected to trial late this year or early next.

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MAGEN DAVID ADOM — Serves the People of Israel

STOCKS

The news ignored

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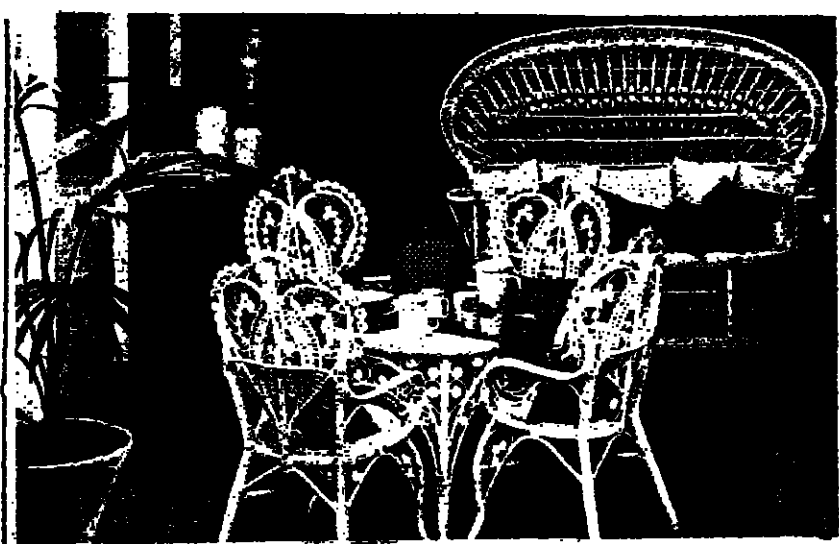
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White cane table, chairs and settee imported from the Far East.

Quality of furniture underlined by clever display in new store

By SHOSHANA BERNBAUM

Jerusalem Post Reporter

RAMAT GAN. — Walk into the new "Danish Interiors" showroom in Ramat Gan and you won't want to leave again. The effect of simple yet elegant furniture, displayed in carefully-planned, miniature-room settings, is breathtaking.

But the spacious, split-level showroom is not just a welcome aesthetic haven from the noise and pollution of Rehov Jabotinsky outside. It is designed to attract buyers from the entire Dan area, manager Geoffrey Tolman said at Thursday's opening. "It is better to have one large centre of furniture and household accessories, than to allot 100 square metres of showroom floor to each of Tel Aviv's satellite towns."

Tolman is well aware that the new Danish Studio carries many high-priced items. "It is not meant to compete with the bargains on the market," he told *The Jerusalem Post*. "The furniture, which includes well-known Italian and Swedish makes as well as locally made 'Danish' is selected for its beauty, not its price."

Each room setting is cleverly sectioned off with white screens and potted plants. A certain uniformity is maintained by the frequent use of only two colours — one of them usually white. Lampshades, in simple materials, matching bedspreads, cush-

ions, chairs and even serviettes. Designed by Danish Interiors, the materials can be bought on the premises by enterprising housewives ready to sew their own matching accessories. Wickwork chairs and bed-headboards are definitely "in." Danish Interiors have made use of Gasa craftsmen to produce an attractive wickerwork set of chairs and coffee table, painted in shiny green. The double-seater costs IL560, and is cheaper than the version imported from the Far East.

The crockery, glassware and other household implements which blend with the furniture are part of "Danish Plus" — a relatively new venture for these shops which traditionally concentrate on furniture.

For those who long for a good English china tea cup, there are displays of classical blue-and-white Wedgwood on which to feast the eye. A set of cup and saucer costs IL30. The cutlery is mostly brass — of a pale gold colour one doesn't see here very often. One particularly beautiful set from Denmark is made of brass and polished wood. Knife, fork and spoon each cost IL36.

The showroom was planned by the manager's wife, Tamara, while Erez Sagie designed many of the exclusively "Danish" made pieces. It is well worth a visit — even if only to glean a few new ideas or to see how good display techniques can add lustre to the simplest sitting-room piece.

How young couples save for flats

By SHOSHANA BERNBAUM and ERNIE MEYER

It is wrong to assume that all young couples have problems securing a flat for themselves or in the process send their parents into long-term debt.

Dany, a 27-year-old cabby, says quite openly that he "looked for a girl with a white frame around her." In other words, he never went out "seriously" with a girl unless she had immigrant rights. In the end he married another cabby — "but of a very rich family." The young couple now live in a 5½-room apartment. "I don't have any debts to pay off," Dany says airily. "All the money I earn goes for living expenses and on petrol for my car."

There is yet another "method" for purchasing a flat. In a Tel Aviv slum area a mother who came here from Syria in the 1940s told me that her eldest daughter and her husband had gone to live abroad because they found it impossible to make ends meet here.

"But they are coming back soon," she quickly assured me. "It's a technician. They are very rich now and can probably afford to buy an apartment here. When they got married my husband could not help the young couple — he works as a furniture polisher and earns less than a thousand pounds net a month, she said.

The flat Yehuda and Miriam Aronson, who got married this summer, went about acquiring their flat is a success story, pure and simple. Yehuda, 24, a native of Jerusalem, is an Air Force lieutenant with two more years to go on his four year stint in the standing army. He graduated in electronics at the capital's Boy's Town school and continued in that profession in the army. "Before I started on my compulsory service five years ago I had saved only a few thousand pounds by playing the chariot at weddings. But now I have IL42,000 in cash to put down on an apartment," he says.

Here is how he did it. During his three years of reserve he saved almost nothing. But becoming an officer and entering the permanent army in February 1975, he started banking his entire monthly salary of about IL2,000.

He gave instructions to his bank to invest his money in government loans and in a little over a year and a half he had accumulated an equity of IL42,000.

"I claim that every soldier in the standing army can save money," Yehuda says, but he admits that the general tendency amongst his comrades is not to save. "The boys think that saving is not worthwhile, that the money loses its value anyway. They buy cars. Those that get married have to take on such heavy debts just to raise the downpayment on their flats, that they don't really know how to get out of it. Miriam and I — we know that we have only one mortgage to pay off."

Shortly after getting married this summer Yehuda and Miriam spotted a three-and-a-half-room flat in a Shikun U'Pituah building in the Neve Ya'akov suburb, north-east of Jerusalem. The flat has an area of 82 sq. m. plus a 35-sq. m. balcony. It is on the first floor of a four-story building.

"After we'd spotted the flat on a Thursday, we thought that such a beauty was only for olim or could only be bought with the help of 'protektzia.' We didn't even dare ask about it," Yehuda relates. But the next day, Friday, they accidentally saw the flat advertised in the paper and on Sunday morning they took a taxi to the Shikun U'Pituah office. "We were the first in the office that morning, and we got the flat," Yehuda says with a triumphant glow.

The flat costs IL245,000. The 20-year Housing Ministry mortgage comes to IL120,000. The full price was whittled down by five per cent for those buying before June 30. Another three per cent came off for army personnel. "This left a total of about IL117,000 to raise for the couple — a daunting sum for young people to face.

But Yehuda was able to add to his IL42,000 the IL5,000 which his wife Miriam, a student of mathematics, had saved at her part-time job. From a savings account which her father had started for her three years ago, she was able to contribute about IL40,000 to Yehuda's IL42,000. Wedding gifts came to another IL30,000. And so Miriam (née Cohn, who is one of ten children) was able to help her

husband swing the downpayment on their home. The Housing Ministry mortgage carries for about IL900 a month for the first three years, going up in later years. Whether Yehuda stays on in the army or not — he has not yet decided — he is confident that he can manage the payments.

Not all the stories of young couples end like that of the Aronsons.

Efrain K., 27, an only child, was born in New York, where he completed law school. After working in his profession for less than a year, he came to Israel, attended a yeshiva, met and married Nehama, a girl from Beerseba. The young couple, who have a little son already, moved to a religious moshav in the Jerusalem corridor, where Efrain works as a tractor driver. As his probation period nears its end, he and Nehama feel that farming is not his future.

The young couple have a pleasant little house at the moshav. They are still paying off their sparse furniture. But they can see no way of moving to Jerusalem, where Efrain could continue his studies and where they would like to live.

Neither of the young people's parents is able to help substantially. Nehama, who is a teacher, came out of the army without any savings. Efrain, who is doing a limited army service now, hasn't any either. To take advantage of the immigrant's rights, he would have to buy a flat soon — or lose his rights for ever.

The only solution the couple see is "going to America for a few years, to make some money."

Cutting with a blunted knife

DECISIONS are to be taken this week on cutting subsidies, and a compromise is being hammered out between the Treasury and the Histadrut.

Understandably, the Histadrut is trying to soften the blow. Yet this relief for the individual is unfortunately going to be gained at the expense of the collective interest. The most urgent necessity facing the authorities today in the field of economic policy is to slash the budget deficit, which is another way of saying that the Government must find ways of spending less money.

The question is where to economise? Outlay has already been cut to the bone; further economies can only be achieved by eating either into the defence budget or the social services. The doctors' wage demands are going to inflate the cost of the health departments, not the other way round.

In a situation where every budget item has a high priority, there is no alternative but to cancel high-priority commitments. That which can most easily be dispensed with is subsidies. If the public is not prepared to put up with that, it will soon be facing more painful solutions.

It is true that the subsidised products are essentials consumed by poor and rich alike. The poor, however, can be compensated in cash. The Histadrut's Yehoram Meiselman has suggested negative income tax. The time may come for that. At the moment the Government is too pressed for cash. Meanwhile those in actual need will not be allowed to suffer when price support is reduced; whereas if Finance Minister Rabinowitz is forced to increase the Value Added Tax by a few percentage points instead, there will be no such compensation.

Critics on the Histadrut side point out that this price-booster exercise will push up the cost-of-living index, the cost-of-living allowance, and the Government's debt on linked bonds. All that is true and deplorable — but cannot be avoided. Increasing the VAT would have exactly the same effect, and so would devaluing the currency. Yet these are measures which must be taken, because they are the only way to increase revenue.

It might be possible to wield a bigger axe on the subsidies allocated to foodstuffs, and offset that harsh measure by sparing the one item that genuinely serves the lower-income group — the subsidy given to public transport. People who go by bus have no car; or are saving petrol by not using their car; or might — if the bus services improve sufficiently and remain cheap — be brought to refrain from purchasing a car.

The other subsidies have the opposite effect. To put it bluntly, there is no reason in the world why the car-owner's breakfast should be financed, even in part, by the tax-paying bus passengers. That is what the subsidies amount to.

Dropouts and aliya

THE VEXING PROBLEM of the Vienna dropouts may be moving — though slowly — forward. The two major Jewish organizations, Hias and the Joint, which have been helping Jewish emigrants from the Soviet Union settle in the West, especially in the U.S., are now a step closer to the official Israeli view of the matter.

That view is that Jews who leave the Soviet Union as part of the movement of aliya, on Israeli government visas, and at the expense of the Jewish Agency, should not be aided if, passing through Vienna, they "drop out" and choose some other country which, to their minds, offers greater affluence and security than Israel. However, those Soviet Jews who depart directly to, say, the U.S., with the appropriate American papers, should be helped by Jewish organizations.

Hias and the Joint have endorsed in principle suggestions in this vein made by the "committee of eight," half Israeli and half American, set up to resolve the dropout controversy. But they have asked for more time to straighten out some issues before the new policy is put into effect.

The decision must have been a difficult one for the two welfare agencies to take. Both of them, but particularly Hias, have received a new lease of life from their recent involvement with caring for thousands of new immigrants from Soviet Russia. Not surprisingly, a number of officials, notably in Hias, fought strenuously for their right to continue that involvement.

It needs hardly to be reiterated, perhaps, that Israel welcomes organized Jewish help for those Soviet Jews who openly seek to emigrate to the West, and are enabled to do so. However much it may regret their decision to exchange one diaspora for another, Israel will not deny them the status of refugees.

By the same token, however, Israel cannot agree that this status fits Jews who have, to all appearances, gone on aliya. What it opposes is the gross misuse of the Israeli visa.

Dry Bones



Fateful by-elections

MARK SEGAL from London: Last week's flight from Sterling dramatized the weakness of the Callaghan Government. Three crucial by-elections on Thursday could seal Callaghan's fate.

LONDON. — SUDDENLY question marks are being placed over the very survival of the Callaghan Government. The "New Statesman," today the spokesman for Labour's Left-wing, in this week's editorial in effect called for the downfall of the Labour Government, arguing that it would be better for Labour to step aside rather than adopt tough economic measures demanded by the circumstances of the present Sterling crisis.

The weakness of the Government's position was highlighted last week most dramatically when flight from Sterling in the world's money markets was apparently prompted by an article in the Sunday Times on the harsh conditions being put to Britain by the U.S. Treasury and the International Monetary Fund for the \$3 billion loan needed to rescue the Pound.

The prediction by the "Sunday Times" of an impending drop of the exchange rate to \$1.50 was followed by panic selling of Sterling around the globe. When Government spokesmen led by Chancellor of the Exchequer Denis Healey attacked the paper for being unpatriotic, one commentator compared the situation to that of the man in wartime London, who pulled the toilet chain just as a German bomb fell on his home: as he lay in the ruins he pondered on the explosive power of his plumbing.

Last week was not "Sunny Jim" Callaghan's finest hour. He is accused of having lost his nerve both by declaring that "I rue Sterling's status as a reserve currency" (thereby further fuelling the panic) and his veiled threat to reduce Britain's contribution to NATO (thereby lowering Britain's world-power status even further). Talk of Healey's dismissal, however vigorously denied, has further loosened the cement binding the Government's foundations.

The Labour Party's Left-dominated national executive committee has further undercut Callaghan's standing by urging mass demonstrations outside Parliament against Government policies: thousands of party members and trade unionists will be brought to

London to attack their own Government. The big unions are boycotting this demonstration, in which the Communist-led Scottish Mine Workers are deeply involved. But it is doubtful whether Britain's creditors will appreciate the distinction.

IF CALLAGHAN is to remain in 10 Downing Street, he must stabilise the Pound, the economy, and the Labour Party. They are all linked. On Thursday three crucial by-elections will take place, and their outcome could seal Callaghan's fate. Two of the constituencies are being closely watched, because if they lose their comfortable Labour majorities then the Labour Government, with its razor-edge plurality, can hardly stay in office for long.

There is vague talk in the air of a coalition, some call it "a Government of national reconstruction," others "a Government of the best men from all parties." Yet both Callaghan and Opposition leader Margaret Thatcher have poured cold water on the national unity government call of ex-Tory Premier Harold Macmillan, with only the small Liberal Party offering its blessing.

TO GO by the latest polls, Mrs. Thatcher would enjoy an 11 per cent swing in her party's favour if general elections were held now. But it is not certain that the Tories really want to step into Labour's shoes right now before the benefits of North Sea oil revenue have yet begun to register.

The hostile reception awarded Soviet Communist official Boris Ponomarev with unprecedented scenes in Parliament should be regarded within the context of the present mood. Some go so far as to accuse the Left of seeking to embarrass Callaghan by inviting Ponomarev here.

For the Jewish community it was humiliating to consider the key role of Ian Mikardo, MP, as chairman of the party's international committee that invited Stalin's henchman here. Although his wife was outside demonstrating against the visit, Mikardo's sorry TV performance when he declared, "But I am a Zionist and a Jew," was not persuasive.

VIEWPOINT

PRESUMPTION OF GUILT

DORIS LANKIN on the Yadin affair: "...a cataclysmic plunge from the nethermost depths, a tragedy caused by a quirk of fate..."

THE OTHER day a new immigrant, who arrived in the country just before the Asher Yadin story broke, asked me in bewilderment whether the presumption of innocence until proved guilty does not exist in Israel law. I replied evasively that the Israel criminal code contains an express provision of law incorporating this presumption. Evasively — because in all honesty I should have said that while the maxim that a person is innocent until proved guilty does in fact appear in the statute book, the rule is far from being accepted by the Israel public as a whole.

In fact substantial sections of the public, including most of the press, regard public figures as fair game for the opposite maxim: they are deemed guilty unless proved innocent. This is not only a sad reflection on the confidence which the public has in its own leaders, but it is also a manifestation of the Israeli penchant for witch-hunting — and the more prominent the "witch," the greater the satisfaction in the hunt.

A few months ago we were treated to an excellent example of this maxim: the spectacle of a senior police officer announcing the guilt of a high official (the suspended Director of the Customs Department) to a wide television audience, even before the official had been formally charged, let alone tried.

Not infrequently in Israel, a person is deemed guilty by some sections of the public even after he has been found innocent. This cynical at-

titude is founded on the two-fold belief that the police are sometimes half-hearted in their prosecution of cases for reasons of their own, and that the judges are too naïve and indulgent.

STILL, the Asher Yadin affair is not typical of our Israeli genre of scandals. For this was a cataclysmic plunge from the pinnacle to the nethermost depths, a tragedy caused by a quirk of fate as inexorable and unforeseeable as any of those acts of the ancient gods which brought disaster on the protagonists in the Greek dramas.

For who can tell whether Asher Yadin would not have been allowed to live out his days in peace if the fates — in the shape of the Government — had not nominated him to the illustrious position of Governor of the Bank of Israel. For it was his nomination that precipitated the chain of events which has already destroyed him as a public figure — whether or not he is eventually charged and found guilty.

The police investigated the original allegations against Yadin more than a year ago by a reporter of "Ha'olam Hazeh," and found that they provided no basis for bringing criminal charges. In view of the hundreds of more pressing cases that they are called upon to deal with, their shelving of his file at the time may be presumed to have been legitimate. This file would in all probability have continued to gather

dust if the floodgates of allegations and insinuation from anonymous sources, been opened by Yadin's no. Unlike the typical Israeli Yadin's character lynching induced primarily by the utterances of police or other public figures. On the contrary, the media, the govt and the rival political parties made an earnest effort to avoid a case.

The public's prejudgment of Yadin is to be explained, by the nature of the office he was mooted — an off demand even more uncharacteristic than that den Caesar's wife; and, second, traumatic effect which a recent economic crisis, by public personalities, is the people of Israel.

THE PUBLIC NOW has granted that honesty in the echelons is a rare commodity that it is only the unlucky get caught. This is an image is up to our leaders to cement and upright persons attracted to politics. But before he has had his day Yadin and his family forced to suffer the purgatory. If this is to be an occupational hazard people insist, it may salutary effect of keeping clean, even if the same done for politics.

LEADERS' LETTERS

AMMUNITION HILL DEFACED

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post: Sir, — Not having visited Ammunition Hill in Jerusalem for a number of years, I recently did so and was dismayed to see what had happened to the place.

The stark, wild beauty of this blood-drenched former Jordanian army position immediately after the fighting in 1967 has completely disappeared. The half-destroyed building over the main bunker has been cleared away; the deep trenches have been partly filled in; the edges of the trenches have been made safe with concrete facing; and it has become impossible to explain to a stranger what really happened up there, since the freshly planted trees obstruct the view of the police training school and other important landmarks which played such an important part in the bitter fighting for the position. Moreover, the simple marble monument which was put up soon after the war was apparently considered insufficient and an ugly concrete monster was built in place of the main Jordanian bunker.

However, the ultimate insult is the fact that there is an entrance fee to this monstrous place, which means that people who wish to pay their respects to family members or friends who fell in the battle for Ammunition Hill now have to pay cash in order to do so.

As a tourist recently told me, I wish our country would spend less money on garish monuments and use the funds instead on more useful projects.

P. ABEELES
Herzliya.

SUCCESSFUL CRICKET TOUR

To the Editor of The Jerusalem Post:

Sir, — On behalf of the Harrow Cricket Club of London at present touring Israel, we would like to express our deep appreciation of the wonderful welcome we have received wherever we have played. We have renewed many old friendships and made many new ones, and it is our sincere wish that our visit will have done something to encourage the game; also the fact that we have had that marvellous international cricketer Basil D'Oliveira with us will, we hope, do much to help the growth of the game.

We are delighted to have found such an improved standard, and while not suggesting that Israel has

quite reached international standard, we have certainly individuals of very good standard who should be a basis for the future.

Sadly, we realize that if problems are facilities and well-maintained grounds, special wish that our visit Basil D'Oliveira will several municipalities the next cricket ground is they could and should be feel that this will go a long way as well as introducing wider sporting scene.

GEORGE HENRI
Joint Tour

Netanya.

PENFRIENDS

PAOLA (15) and LA LUCERTONI of Garesse Imperia, Italy, would like to meet young Israelis.

SUSAN REM (21), of 202 Fordhouses, Wolverhampton, England, would have Israeli penfriends. She likes cooking, reading and plays the guitar.

POSTSCRIPTS



Photo: Millman

THE GIANT UJA delegation has come and gone and we hope that we shall see many of its members again, perhaps even as Israelis.

Although all wore the blue wind-jammers, individuality crept in here and there. A friend tells us that he noticed one elderly man carrying his own flag with a different device: "Every year in Jerusalem." But he failed to see anyone marching under the motto: "All the year round in Jerusalem."

One participant, Mr. Larry Jacker of Birmingham, Michigan, had a T-shirt printed specially for him, bearing his own personal challenge. On the front, his motto read: "I upped my pledge." On the reverse side, the words were: "Up yours!" We hope for the sake of propriety, that everyone read his frontal challenge first.

F.D.



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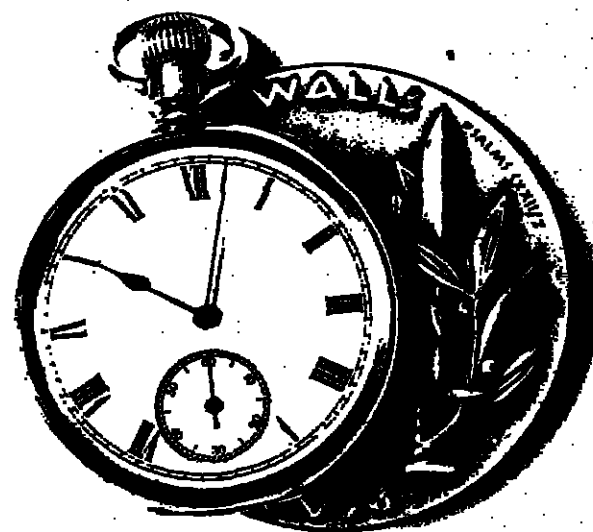
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